

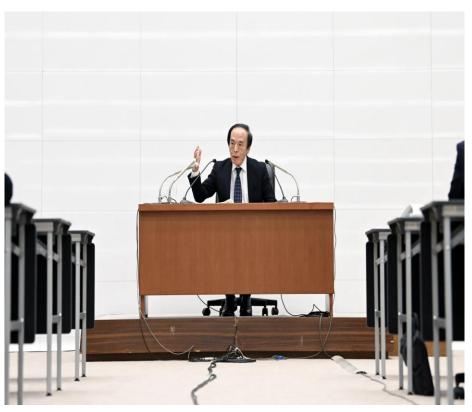
BoJ Rate Decision in Focus: Shifting Global Yield Dynamics Amid Fed Caution and BI's Stability Stance

18 December 2025

Economist / Fikri C Permana

EXCECUTIVE SUMMARY

- U.S. labor market conditions are showing signs of gradual cooling rather than abrupt deterioration. The unemployment rate rose to a four-year high of 4.6% in November, while payroll growth remains volatile, reflecting uneven hiring momentum and rising uncertainty over the true strength of employment conditions amid recent data distortions.
- Against this backdrop, the Federal Reserve continues to adopt a firmly data-dependent approach, carefully balancing emerging labor market risks against still-persistent inflationary pressures. Policymakers have pointed to the possibility that official employment data may be overstating underlying strength, alongside evidence of moderating wage growth. These factors support a cautious and measured easing trajectory, rather than an aggressive one, a stance that has been reflected in the decline of short-term U.S. Treasury yields.
- At the same time, markets are closely awaiting the outcome of the Bank of Japan's policy meeting and its potential implications for Japanese government bond yields. A further rise in the 10-year JGB yield to its highest level in 18 years could alter global capital flow dynamics going forward, particularly as yield differentials across major markets adjust.
- Meanwhile, Bank Indonesia (BI) once again demonstrated its stability-overgrowth policy orientation at the latest Board of Governors' Meeting by keeping the BI Rate unchanged at 4.75%.
- As a result, the interest rate differential between the Federal Funds Rate and the BI Rate remains intact at around 100 basis points. This spread is expected to continue supporting the attractiveness of Indonesian portfolio assets, especially domestic fixed-income instruments.



Source: bloomberg (2025), link: https://www.bloomberg.com/news/articles/2024-12-11/boj-is-said-to-see-little-cost-to-waiting-for-next-rate-hike

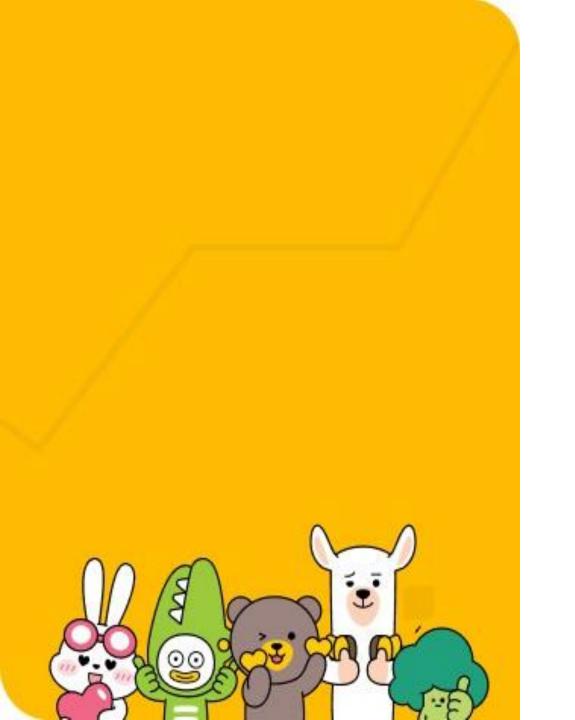


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US ECONOMIC DATA

| US | Hais | Latest | Data | | |
|------------------------|--------|---------|--------|----------|--|
| ECONOMIC INDICATORS | Unit | Period | Latest | Previous | |
| Fed Rate | % | Dec '25 | 3.75 | 4.00 | |
| Economic Growth | %, yoy | 2Q25 | 2.1 | 2 | |
| Inflation Rate | %, yoy | Sep '25 | 3.0 | 2.9 | |
| Unemployment Rate | % | Nov '25 | 4.6 | 4.4 | |

Sources: various sources, KBVS Research (2025)

The data releases that influenced yield movements in the week of 11-17 Dec '25 are as follows:

- US Initial Jobless Claims increased to 236K (Cons: 220K, Prev: 192K).
- US Fed Interest Rate Decision in Dec '25 decreased to 3.75% (Cons: 3.75%, Prev: 4.00%).
- US 30-Year Bond Auction in Dec '25 increased to 4.77% (Prev: 4.69%).
- US Average Hourly Earnings in Oct '25 increased to 0.40% MoM (Prev: 0.20% MoM).
- US Nonfarm Payrolls in Nov '25 increased to 64K (Cons: 50K, Prev: -105K).
- US Core Retail Sales in Oct '25 increased to 0.40% MoM (Cons: 0.20% MoM, Prev: 0.10% MoM).
- US Retail Sales in Oct '25 decreased to 0.00% MoM (Cons: 0.10% MoM, Prev: 0.10%).
- US Unemployment Rate in Nov '25 increased to 4.60% MoM (Cons: 4.50% MoM, Prev: 4.40% MoM).
- US S&P Global Manufacturing PMI in Dec '25 decreased to 51.80 (Cons: 52.00, Prev: 52.20).
- US S&P Global Services in Nov '25 decreased to 52.90 (Cons: 54.00, Prev: 54.10).

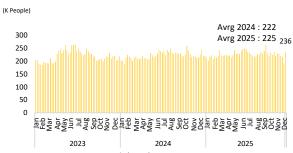
ECONOMIC CALENDAR

(11-17 DEC '25)

| Event | Actual | Forecast | Previous |
|--|----------|----------|----------|
| Thursday, 11 Dec '25 | | | |
| US Federal Budget Balance (Nov) | -173.00B | -186.50B | -284.00B |
| US Interest Rate Projection - 1st Year (Q4) | 3.40% | | 3.40% |
| US Interest Rate Projection - 2nd Year (Q4) | 3.10% | | 3.10% |
| US Interest Rate Projection - 3rd Year (Q4) | 3.10% | | 3.10% |
| US Interest Rate Projection - Current (Q4) | 3.60% | | 3.60% |
| US Interest Rate Projection - Longer (Q4) | 3.00% | | 3.00% |
| US FOMC Economic Projections | | | |
| US FOMC Statement | | | |
| US Fed Interest Rate Decision | 3.75% | 3.75% | 4.00% |
| US FOMC Press Conference | | | |
| US Fed Governer Kroszner Speaks | | | |
| US IEA Monthly Report | | | |
| US OPEC Monthly Report | | | |
| US Continuing Jobless Claims | 1,838K | 1,950K | 1,937K |
| US Initial Jobless Claims | 236K | 220K | 192K |
| US Exports (Sep) | 289.30B | | 280.80B |
| US Imports (Sep) | 342.10B | | 340.40B |
| US Trade Balance (Sep) | -52.80B | -62.50B | -59.30B |
| Friday, 12 Dec '25 | | | |
| US 30-Year Bond Auction | 4.77% | | 4.69% |
| US Fed's Balance Sheet | 6,539B | | 6,536B |
| | | | |
| Monday, 15 Dec '25 | | | |
| US NY Empire State Manufacturing Index (Dec) | -3.90 | 9.80 | 18.70 |

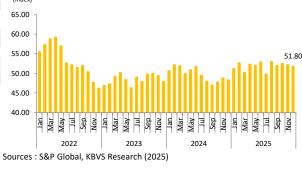
| Tuesday, 16 D | Dec '25 | | |
|--|-----------|---------|---------|
| US ADP Employment Change Weekly | 16,25K | | 2,75K |
| US Average Hourly Earnings (MoM) (Nov) | 0.00 | | 0.20% |
| US Average Hourly Earnings (YoY) (Nov) | 3.70% | | 3.80% |
| US Core Retail Sales (MoM) (Oct) | 0.40% | 0.20% | 0.10% |
| US Nonfarm Payrolls (Nov) | 64K | 50K | -105K |
| US Participation Rate (Nov) | 62.50% | | 62.40% |
| US Private Nonfarm Payrolls (Nov) | 69K | 45K | 52K |
| US Retail Control (MoM) (Oct) | 0.80% | 0.30% | -0.10% |
| US Retail Sales (MoM) (Oct) | 0.00% | 0.10% | 0.10% |
| US U6 Unemployment Rate (Nov) | 8.70% | | 8.00% |
| US Unemployment Rate (Nov) | 4.60% | 4.50% | 4.40% |
| US S&P Global Manufacturing PMI (Dec) | 51.80 | 52.00 | 52.20 |
| US S&P Global Composite PMI (Dec) | 53.00 | 53.90 | 54.20 |
| US S&P Global Services PMI (Dec) | 52.90 | 54.00 | 54.10 |
| US Business Inventories (MoM) (Sep) | 0.20% | 0.10% | 0.00% |
| US Retail Inventories Ex Auto (Sep) | 0.00% | | 0.00% |
| Wednesday, 17 | ' Dec '25 | | |
| US CFTC Crude Oil Speculative Net Positions | 55.0K | | 69.2K |
| US CFTC Gold Speculative Net Positions | 204.6K | | 210.3K |
| US CFTC Nasdaq 100 Speculative Net Positions | 57.4K | | 46.4K |
| US CFTC S&P 500 Speculative Net Positions | -155.3K | | -147.4K |
| US API Weekly Crude Oil Stock | -9.300M | -2.200M | -4.800M |
| US Fed Waller Speaks | | | |
| US FOMC Member Williams Speaks | | | |
| US Business Inventories (MoM) (Sep) | | | 0.00% |
| US Crude Oil Inventories | | -2.400M | -1.812M |
| US Cushing Crude Oil Inventories | | | 0.308M |

WEEKLY INITIAL JOBLESS CLAIMS

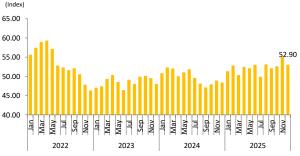


K Sources: US DoL, KBVS Research (2025)

S&P GLOBAL MANUFACTURING PMI



S&P GLOBAL SERVICES PMI

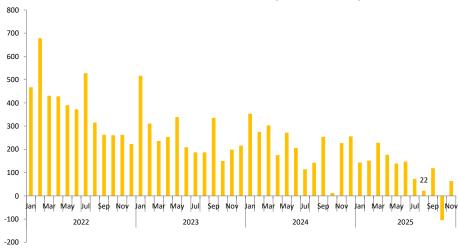


Sources: S&P Global, KBVS Research (2025)

Sources: investing, KBVS Research (2025)

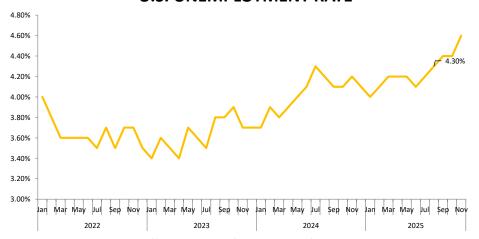
U.S. Labor Market: Mixed Signals





Source: Investing.com (2025) https://www.investing.com/economic-calendar/nonfarm-payrolls-227

U.S. UNEMPLOYMENT RATE



Source: Investing.com (2025) https://www.investing.com/economic-calendar/unemployment-rate-300

- Recent U.S. labor market data point to a gradual softening in employment conditions, with rising unemployment alongside increasingly volatile payroll growth. The latest releases reflect mixed signals rather than a sharp deterioration, complicating near-term assessments of labor market strength.
- Unemployment rose to 4.6% in November, the highest level in more than four years, continuing an upward trend seen throughout 2024–2025.
- Nonfarm payrolls added 64K jobs in November, following a 105K decline in October, underscoring uneven month-to-month hiring dynamics.
- Job growth remains concentrated in a limited number of sectors, while federal government employment continues to contract.
- Recent labor data may be partially distorted by the prolonged government shutdown, which disrupted data collection and delayed reporting.
- As a result, the latest figures may overstate near-term weakness, reinforcing a cautious interpretation of recent labor market signals.
- Despite softer headline data, financial market reaction has been muted, suggesting investors view recent labor weakness as manageable rather than recessionary. Current labor conditions remain consistent with a gradual cooling scenario, rather than an abrupt downturn.

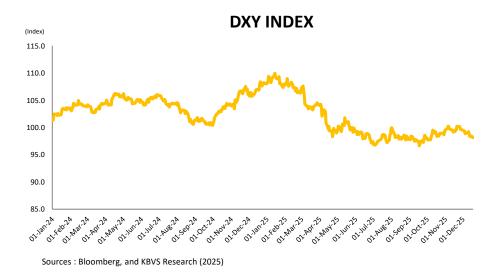
FED PROBABILITIES

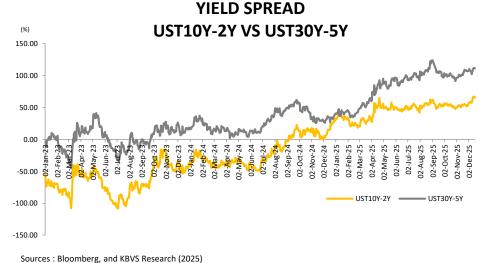
FED PROBABILITIES, as of 17 Dec '25

| MEETING DATE | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| DATE | 175-200 | 220-225 | 225-250 | 250-275 | 275-300 | 300-325 | 325-350 | 350-375 |
| 28-Jan-26 | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 24.4% | 75.6% |
| 18-Mar-26 | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 9.1% | 43.5% | 47.5% |
| 29-Apr-26 | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 2.1% | 16.9% | 44.4% | 36.7% |
| 17-Jun-26 | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 1.1% | 9.9% | 31.5% | 40.3% | 17.2% |
| 29-Jul-26 | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.3% | 3.7% | 16.4% | 34.1% | 33.4% | 12.1% |
| 16-Sep-26 | 0.0% | 0.1% | 1.6% | 8.4% | 22.9% | 33.8% | 25.6% | 7.7% |
| 28-Oct-26 | 0.0% | 0.3% | 2.6% | 10.6% | 24.6% | 32.6% | 22.8% | 6.5% |
| 9-Dec-26 | 0.1% | 0.7% | 4.0% | 13.0% | 25.9% | 30.9% | 20.0% | 5.4% |

Sources: CME Group, and KBVS Research (2025)

- Recent U.S. labor market data point to a gradual softening in employment conditions, with rising unemployment alongside increasingly volatile payroll growth.
- The concern stems largely from limitations in the BLS birth-death model, which estimates job creation from new and closing businesses and has historically led to sizeable downward revisions.
- Powell emphasized that slowing headline employment growth, combined with measurement uncertainty, increases the risk of misjudging labor market momentum. This uncertainty was cited as part of the rationale behind the Fed's continued rate cuts, even as inflation remains above target.





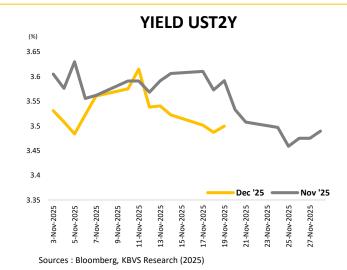
THE MOVEMENT OF UST YIELDS

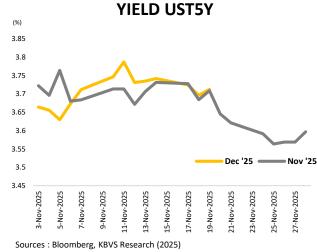
| US | | Latest | D | ata |
|-------------------|--------|-----------|---------|----------|
| FISCAL INDICATORS | Unit | Period | Latest | Previous |
| Govt Debt | USD Tn | Nov' 24 | 36.08 | 35.95 |
| Govt Debt to GDP | % | 4Q24 | 124.35 | 122.3 |
| Govt Budget | USD Bn | Nov '24 | -367.30 | -257.00 |
| S&P Credit Rating | Rating | 27-Mar-24 | AA+ | AA+ |

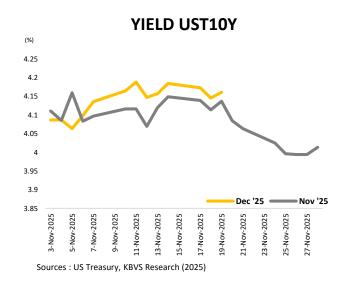
Sources: US Treasury, KBVS Research (2025)

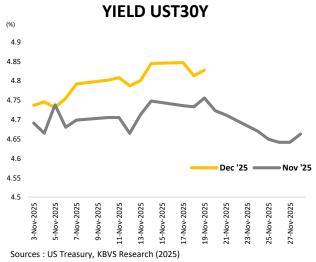
Over the past week, UST yields moved tends to decrease:

- Yield UST6M
 - -3.68 bps (WoW)
 - -68.25 bps (YtD, as of Dec 17, '25)
- Yield UST1Y
 - -7.36 bps (WoW)
 - -66.52 bps (YtD, as of Dec 17,'25)
- Yield UST2Y
 - -3.43 bps (WoW)
 - -73.78 bps (YtD, as of Dec 17,'25)
- Yield UST5Y
 - -1.68 bps (WoW)
 - -66.80 bps (YtD, as of Dec 17,'25)
- Yield UST10Y
 - +1.78 bps (WoW)
 - -40.44 bps (YtD, as of Dec 17, '25)
- Yield UST30Y
 - +4.55 bps (WoW)
 - +5.11 bps (YtD, as of Dec 17,'25)









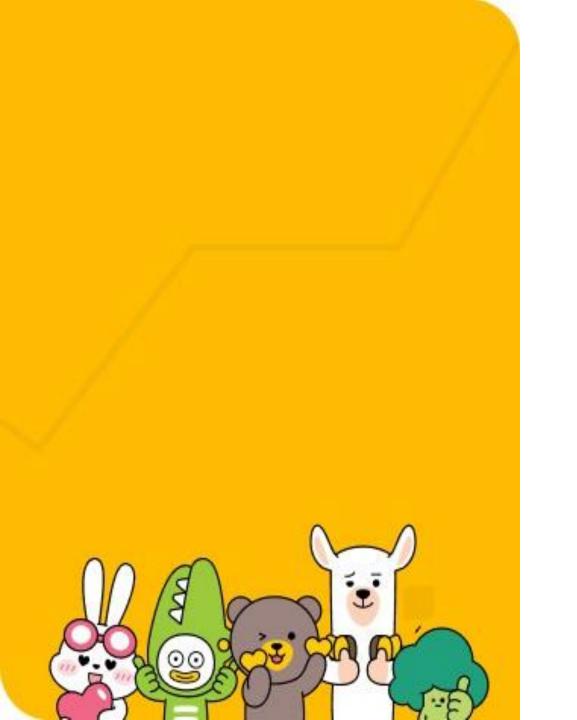


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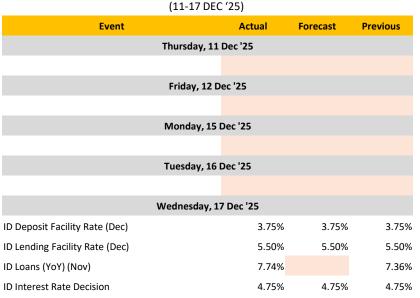
INDONESIA ECONOMIC DATA

INDICATORS OVERVIEW

| Economic | Unit | Latest | Data | | |
|----------------------|--------|-------------|--------|----------|--|
| Indicators | Unit | Period | Latest | Previous | |
| Policy Interest Rate | % | 22 Nov '25 | 4.75 | 4.75 | |
| Economic Growth | %, yoy | 3Q25 | 5.04 | 5.12 | |
| Inflation Rate | %, yoy | Nov '25 | 2.72 | 2.86 | |
| Unemployment Rate | % | Sep '25 | 4.85 | 4.76 | |
| S&P Credit Rating | Rating | 17 July '24 | BBB | BBB | |

Sources: various sources, KBVS Research (2025)

ECONOMIC CALENDAR



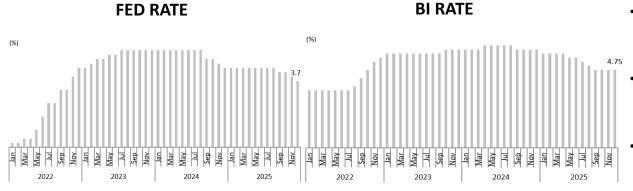
Sources: BI, KBVS Research (2025)

Sources: Investing, KBVS Research (2025)

The data releases that influenced yield movements in the week of 11-17 Dec '25 are as follows:

A stability-over-growth stance was once again evident at Bank Indonesia's (BI) latest Board of Governors' Meeting, as the central bank kept the BI rate unchanged at 4.75%, while also maintaining the Deposit Facility rate at 3.75% and the Lending Facility rate at 5.50%. We view this cautious approach as being primarily driven by ongoing rupiah depreciation pressures, given their transmission effects on domestic core inflation. Nevertheless, BI continues to signal that there remains room for a potential policy rate cut going forward, supported by anchored inflation expectations for 2026 at 2.5% ±1% and the need to sustain Indonesia's economic growth momentum.

BI RATE

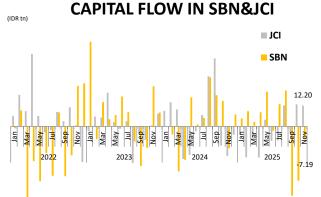


| Indicators | 17-De | ec-25 | Monthly Changes | Ytd Changes | | | | | | |
|---|--------------------|-------|-----------------|-------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| indicators | Latest | M-1 | (in bps) | (in bps) | | | | | | |
| | Policy Rate (in %) | | | | | | | | | |
| United States | 3.75 | 4.00 | (25.0) | (175.0) | | | | | | |
| European Union | 2.15 | 2.15 | 0.0 | (235.0) | | | | | | |
| United Kingdom | 4.00 | 4.00 | 0.0 | (125.0) | | | | | | |
| Japan | 0.50 | 0.50 | 0.0 | 60.0 | | | | | | |
| China | 3.00 | 3.00 | 0.0 | (45.0) | | | | | | |
| India | 5.25 | 5.50 | (25.0) | (125.0) | | | | | | |
| Thailand | 1.50 | 1.50 | 0.0 | (100.0) | | | | | | |
| Philippines | 4.50 | 4.75 | (25.0) | (200.0) | | | | | | |
| Indonesia | 4.75 | 4.75 | 0.0 | (125.0) | | | | | | |
| Global Monetary Policy Change (in number of cou | ntries) | | | | | | | | | |
| Easing | 0 | 6 | | | | | | | | |
| Unchanged | 20 | 18 | | | | | | | | |
| Tightening | 20 | 0 | | | | | | | | |
| Average International Interest Rate (in %) | | | | | | | | | | |
| USD LIBOR -1 Month | 4.21 | 4.00 | 21.0 | (12.0) | | | | | | |
| USD LIBOR -3 Months | 4.49 | 3.86 | 63.0 | 19.0 | | | | | | |
| USD LIBOR -6 Months | 4.74 | 3.69 | 105.0 | 50.0 | | | | | | |
| Domestic Interbank Money Market (in %) | | | | | | | | | | |
| INDONIA | 4.03 | 4.01 | 2.3 | (199.7) | | | | | | |
| JIBOR - 1 Month | 5.05 | 5.14 | (8.2) | (156.6) | | | | | | |
| JIBOR - 3 Months | 5.47 | 5.53 | (6.1) | (145.0) | | | | | | |
| JIBOR - 6 Months | 5.60 | 5.66 | (6.2) | (146.1) | | | | | | |
| JIBOR - 12 Months | 5.72 | 5.78 | (6.1) | (150.2) | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

- Bank Indonesia (BI) demonstrated a stability-overgrowth policy orientation at its latest Board of Governors' Meeting by keeping the BI Rate unchanged at 4.75%.
- The central bank also maintained the Deposit Facility rate at 3.75% and the Lending Facility rate at 5.50%.
- Inflation dynamics remain another key constraint on BI's monetary flexibility. Headline inflation stood at 2.72% year-on-year in November 2025, comfortably within BI's target range of 2.5% ±1%.
- Then rupiah depreciation continues to pose upside risks to core inflation through exchange rate pass-through effects.
- A third consideration is the still-muted transmission of previous monetary easing to the banking sector. Despite cumulative policy rate cuts of 125 bps year-to-date (as of December 2025), the one-month deposit rate has declined by only around 67 bps, while lending rates have adjusted by a mere 24 bps.
- Nevertheless, BI continues to signal that there remains room for a potential policy rate cut going forward, supported by anchored inflation expectations for 2026 within the 2.5% ±1% target range and the need to sustain economic growth momentum.

Source: Bank Indonesia (2025)

DEVELOPMENT OF TRADABLE SBN



Between 11-17 December '25, non-residents conducted:

- A net buy of tradeable SBN, amounting IDR0.85 tn.
- A net buy of JCI, amounting IDR0.02 tn.

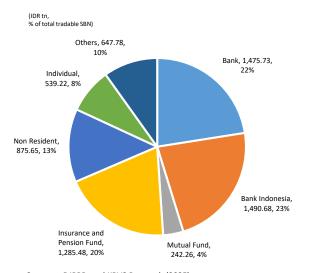
SUN LATEST AUCTION

| 3311 = 11 = 31 110 011011 | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-----------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|-------|
| 16 Dec '25 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Instruments | SPN01260117 | SPN03260318 | SPN12261203 | FR0109 | FR0108 | FR0106 | FR0107 | FR0102 | FR0105 | Total |
| Incoming Bids (IDR tn) | 0.86 | 0.88 | 6.83 | 15.42 | 11.61 | 12.14 | 6.13 | 5.35 | 4.99 | 64.21 |
| Bid to Cover Ratio | 1.01 | - | 2.28 | 5.82 | 8.60 | 8.37 | 2.61 | 10.71 | 1.75 | 4.28 |
| Weighted Average Yields Awarded | 4.600% | - | 4.900% | 5.514% | 6.110% | 6.429% | 6.539% | 6.709% | 6.753% | |
| | | | | 2 Dec '25 | ; | | | | | |
| Instruments | SPN01260103 | SPN12260305 | SPN12261203 | FR0109 | FR0108 | FR0106 | FR0107 | FR0102 | FR0105 | Total |
| Incoming Bids (IDR tn) | 2.85 | 1.35 | 4.85 | 17.41 | 16.14 | 7.19 | 7.71 | 6.73 | 5.41 | 69.64 |
| Bid to Cover Ratio | 1.43 | 1.35 | 2.43 | 13.93 | 8.07 | 1.31 | 2.00 | 1.62 | 1.66 | 2.79 |
| Weighted Average Yields Awarded | 4.550% | 4.700% | 5.000% | 5.710% | 6.239% | 6.460% | 6.550% | 6.750% | 6.780% | |

Sources: DJPPR, KBVS Research (2025)

Sources: Bloomberg, KBVS Research (2025)

OWNERSHIP of IDR TRADABLE SBN



As of 15 December '25, the largest ownership of tradable SBN is as follows:

- Bank Indonesia : IDR1,490.68 tn (+IDR3.82 tn, WoW),
- Banks: IDR1,475.73 tn (-IDR2.64 tn, WoW), and
- Insurance & Pension Funds: IDR1,285.48 tn (+IDR1.69 tn, WoW)

SBSN LATEST AUCTION

| | | | | <u> </u> | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|----------|--------|---------|--------|--------|-------|--|
| | 9 Dec '25 | | | | | | | | | |
| Instruments | SPNS12012026 | SPNS01062026 | SPNS10082026 | PBS030 | PBS040 | PBS034 | PBS039 | PBS038 | Total | |
| Incoming Bids (IDR tn) | 1.73 | 0.46 | 5.80 | 3.44 | 1.79 | 2.22 | 0.40 | 3.02 | 18.85 | |
| Bid to Cover Ratio | 1.19 | - | 3.74 | 2.87 | 2.98 | 8.89 | 2.00 | 1.10 | 2.36 | |
| Weighted Average Yields Awarded | 4.500% | - | 4.833% | 5.245% | 5.608% | 6.379% | 6.516% | 6.758% | | |
| | | | 25 1 | Nov '25 | | | | | | |
| Instruments | SPNS12012026 | SPNS01062026 | SPNS10082026 | PBS030 | PBS040 | PBSG002 | PBS034 | PBS038 | Total | |
| Incoming Bids (IDR tn) | 3.10 | 0.70 | 7.53 | 5.59 | 4.98 | 5.22 | 3.87 | 3.49 | 34.46 | |
| Bid to Cover Ratio | 3.10 | - | 3.76 | 13.97 | 2.43 | 14.90 | 2.42 | 1.34 | 3.45 | |
| Weighted Average Yields Awarded | 4.480% | - | 4.662% | 5.100% | 5.549% | 5.967% | 6.353% | 6.700% | | |
| | | _, | | | | | | | | |

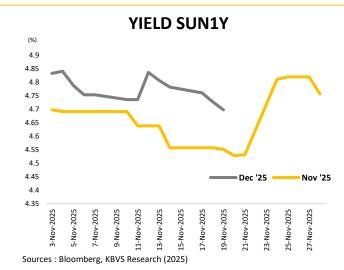
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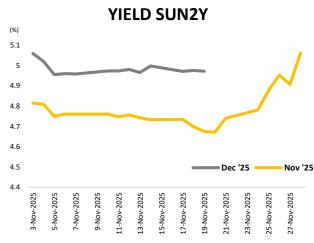
Sources: DJPPR, and KBVS Research (2025)

THE MOVEMENT OF SUN YIELDS

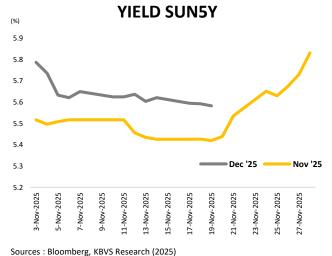
Over the past week, SUN yields moved tends to decrease:

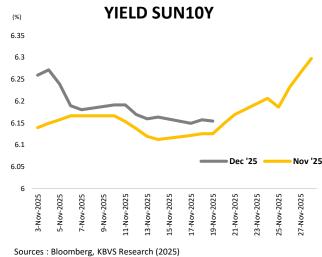
- Yield SUN1Y
 - -13.90 bps (WoW)
 - -199.10 bps (YtD, as of Dec 17,'25)
- Yield SUN2Y
 - -0.90 bps (WoW)
 - -193.30 bps (YtD, as of Dec 17,'25)
- Yield SUN5Y
 - -7.40 bps (WoW)
 - -142.60 bps (YtD, as of Dec 17,'25)
- Yield SUN10Y
 - -3.90 bps (WoW)
 - -83.80 bps (YtD, as of Dec 17,'25)
- Yield SUN30Y
 - -1.10 bps (WoW)
 - -35.90 bps (YtD, as of Dec 17,'25)

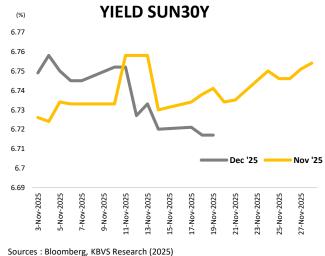




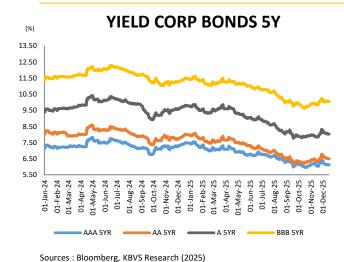
Sources: Bloomberg, KBVS Research (2025)







THE MOVEMENT OF CORPORATE BOND YIELD



YIELD SPREAD 5Y TENOR

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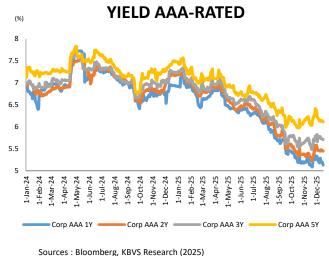
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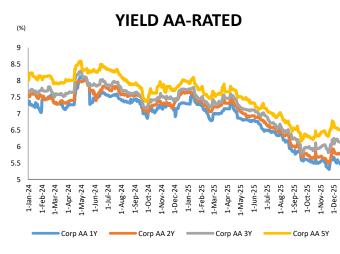
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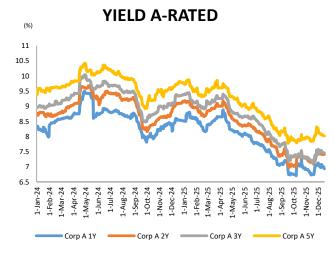
Sources: Bloomberg, KBVS Research (2025)

Corporate bond yields showed an decline movement on most of the tenors last week, as follows:

- AAA-rated
 - Tenor 1Y: -15.59 bps (WoW)
 - Tenor 2Y: -0.88 bps (WoW)
 - Tenor 5Y: -5.08 bps (WoW)
- AA-rated
 - Tenor 1Y: -14.71 bps (WoW)
 - Tenor 2Y: -0.21 bps (WoW)
 - Tenor 5Y: -8.61 bps (WoW)
- A-rated
 - Tenor 1Y: -14.58 bps (WoW)
 - Tenor 2Y: -2.08 bps (WoW), and
 - Tenor 5Y: -8.38 bps (WoW)



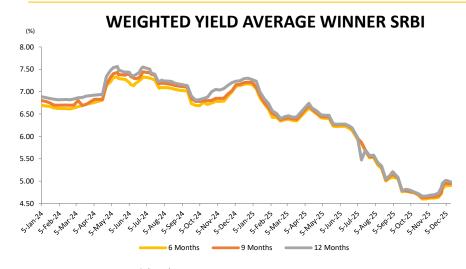




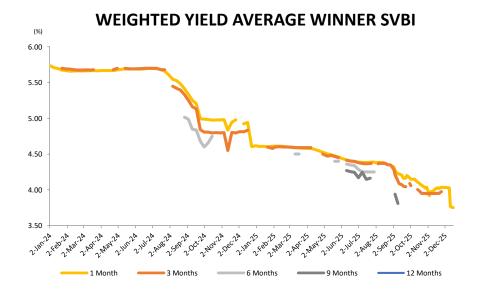
Sources: Bloomberg, KBVS Research (2025)

Sources: Bloomberg, KBVS Research (2025)

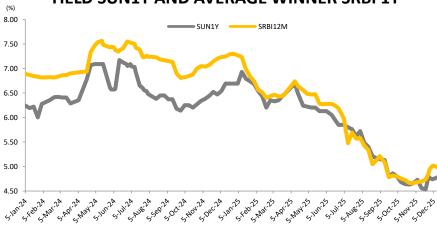
BI'S MONETARY OPERATION



Sources: BI, KBVS Research (2025)



YIELD SUN1Y AND AVERAGE WINNER SRBI 1Y



Sources: BI, KBVS Research (2025)

- Since Nov 2025, BI introduces 2 SRBI auctions every week, however this week there is only one SRBI auction.
- The Weighted Average Yield of Winning Bids can be seen in the table below.

| Yield (%) | 5 Des | 12 Des | | |
|-----------|----------|----------|--|--|
| 6 Month | 4.90108% | 4.90000% | | |
| 9 Month | 4.95075% | 4.94000% | | |
| 12 Month | 5.01570% | 4.98403% | | |

- Meanwhile, the latest SVBI auction only saw offering for the 1-month period. The 1-month yield was recorded at 3.75076%, a notable decrease from last week. The remaining 3, 6, 9, and 12-month tenors were not offered.
 - 1 month: 3.75076% (Prev: 4.02577 %)

Sources: BI, KBVS Research (2025)

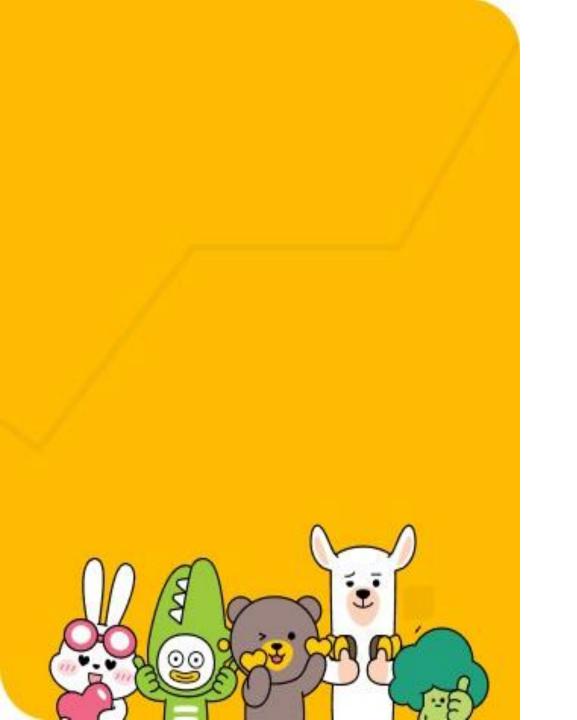


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NEXT WEEK ECONOMIC CALENDAR

ECONOMIC CALENDAR

(18-24 DEC 2025)

| Country Event | Forecast | Previous |
|---|--------------------|--------------------|
| Thursday, Dec 18, 2025 | | |
| US FOMC Member Bostic Speaks | | |
| US 20-Year Bond Auction | | 4.71% |
| GB BoE Inflation Letter | | |
| GB BoE MPC Vote Cut (Dec) | | 4.00 |
| GB BoE MPC Vote Hike (Dec) | | 0.00 |
| GB BoE MPC Vote Unchanged (Dec) | | 5.00 |
| GB BoE Interest Rate Decision (Dec) | <mark>3.75%</mark> | <mark>4.00%</mark> |
| GB BoE MPC Meeting Minutes | | |
| GB BoE Gov Bailey Speaks | | |
| EU Deposit Facility Rate (Dec) | 2.00% | 2.00% |
| EU ECB Marginal Lending Facility | | 2.40% |
| EU ECB Interest Rate Decision (Dec) | <mark>2.15%</mark> | <mark>2.15%</mark> |
| EU ECB Monetary Policy Statement | | |
| US Continuing Jobless Claims | | 1,838K |
| US Initial Jobless Claims | | <mark>236K</mark> |
| US Core CPI (MoM) (Nov) | | 0.20% |
| US Core CPI (YoY) (Nov) | | 3.00% |
| US CPI (MoM) (Nov) | | <mark>0.30%</mark> |
| US CPI (YoY) (Nov) | | 3.00% |
| US Philly Fed Manufacturing Index (Dec) | | -1.70 |
| US Philly Fed Employment (Dec) | | 6.00 |
| EU ECB Press Conference | | |

| | Forecast | Previous |
|---|----------|--------------------|
| Friday, Dec 19, 2025 | | |
| US TIC Net Long-Term Transactions (Oct) | | 179.80B |
| US Fed's Balance Sheet | | 6,539B |
| JP National Core CPI (YoY) (Nov) | | 3.00% |
| JP National CPI (MoM) (Nov) | | 0.40% |
| JP BoJ Monetary Policy Statement | | |
| JP BoJ Interest Rate Decision | | <mark>0.50%</mark> |
| JP BoJ Press Conference | | |
| GB Core Retail Sales (MoM) (Nov) | | -1.00% |
| GB Core Retail Sales (YoY) (Nov) | | 1.20% |
| GB Retail Sales (MoM) (Nov) | | -1.10% |
| GB Retail Sales (YoY) (Nov) | | 0.20% |
| GE PPI (MoM) (Nov) | | 0.10% |
| GE Gfk Consumer Climate (Jan) | | -23.20 |
| US Core PCE Price Index (MoM) (Oct) | | 0.20% |
| US Core PCE Price Index (YoY) (Oct) | | <mark>2.80%</mark> |
| US PCE Price Index (MoM) (Oct) | | 0.30% |
| US PCE Price Index (YoY) (Oct) | | <mark>2.80%</mark> |
| US Personal Spending (MoM) (Oct) | | 0.30% |
| US Existing Home Sales (Nov) | | <mark>4.10M</mark> |
| US Existing Home Sales (MoM) (Nov) | | 1.20% |
| US Michigan 1-Year Inflation Expectations (Dec) | 4.10% | 4.10% |
| US Michigan 5-Year Inflation Expectations (Dec) | 3.20% | 3.20% |
| US Michigan Consumer Expectations (Dec) | 55.00 | 51.00 |
| US Michigan Consumer Sentiment (Dec) | 53.30 | 53.30 |

| | Forecas | |
|--|---------|--------------------|
| Country Event | t | Previous |
| Monday, Dec 22, 2025 | | |
| CN Loan Prime Rate 5Y (Dec) | | <mark>3.50%</mark> |
| ID M2 Money Supply (YoY) (Nov) | | 7.70% |
| GB Business Investment (QoQ) (Q3) | | -0.30% |
| GB Current Account (Q3) | | -28.90B |
| GB GDP (QoQ) (Q3) | | 0.10% |
| GB GDP (YoY) (Q3) | | 1.30% |
| Tuesday, Dec 23, 2025 | | |
| US Building Permits (Sep) | 1.340M | 1.330M |
| US Core PCE Prices (Q3) | | 2.60% |
| US GDP (QoQ) (Q3) | | 3.80% |
| US GDP Price Index (QoQ) (Q3) | | 2.10% |
| US Housing Starts | 1.320M | 1.330M |
| US Housing Starts (MoM) (Sep) | | -8.50% |
| US Industrial Production (YoY) (Oct) | | 1.62% |
| US Industrial Production (MoM) (Oct) | | 0.10% |
| US CB Consumer Confidence (Dec) | | 88.70 |
| Wednesday, Dec 24, 2025 | | |
| US Core Durable Goods Orders (MoM) (Oct) | | 0.60% |
| US Durable Goods Orders (MoM) (Oct) | | 0.50% |

